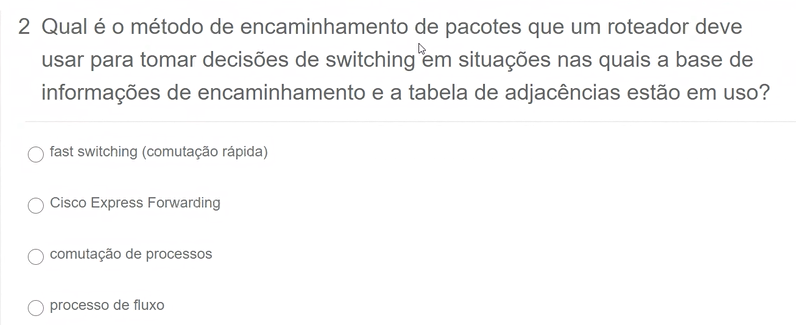
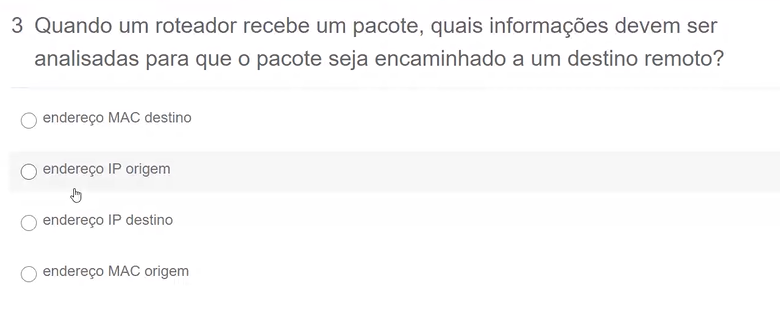
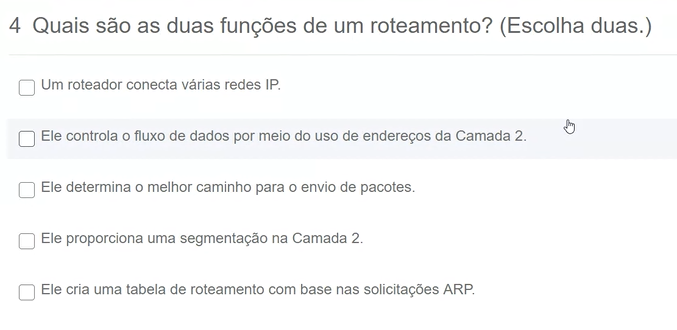
1 – NVRAM



R: Cisco Express Forwarding

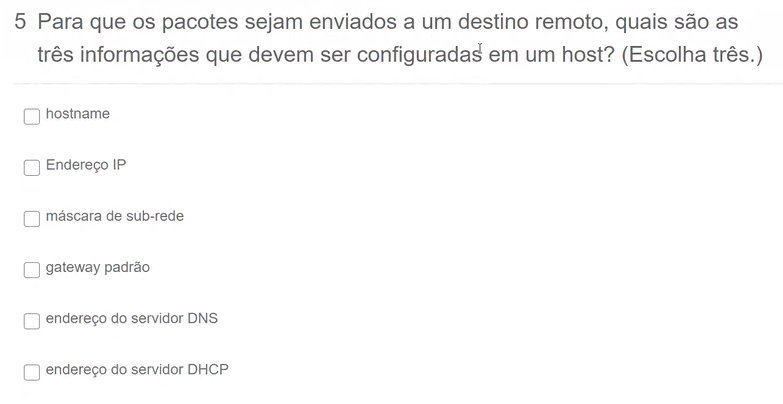


R: endereço IP de destino

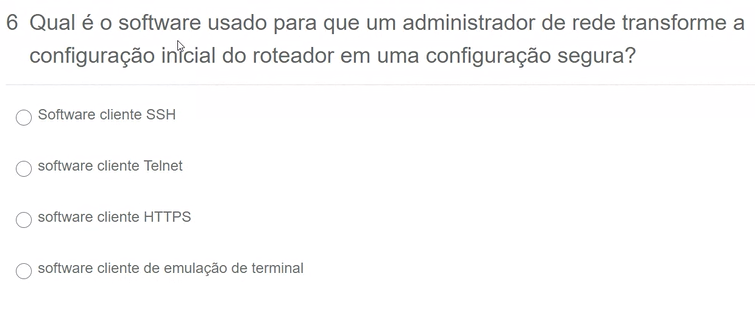


R: A e C

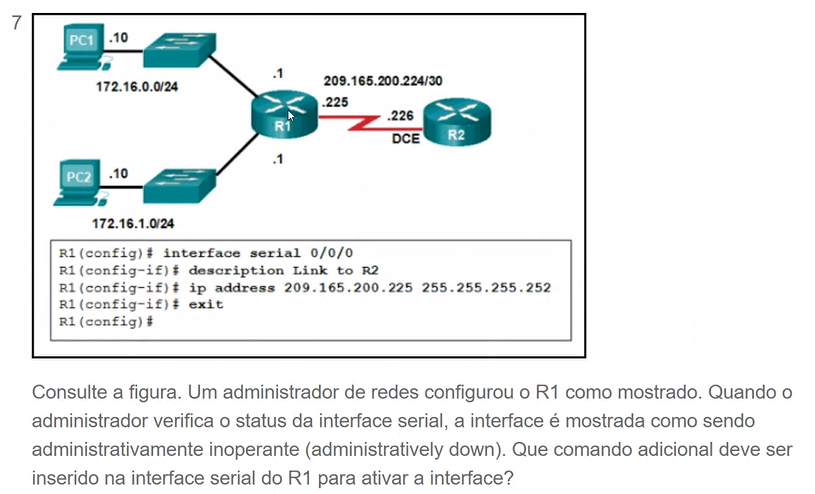
4: Um roteador conecta várias redes IP e Ele determina o melhor caminho para o envio de pacotes.

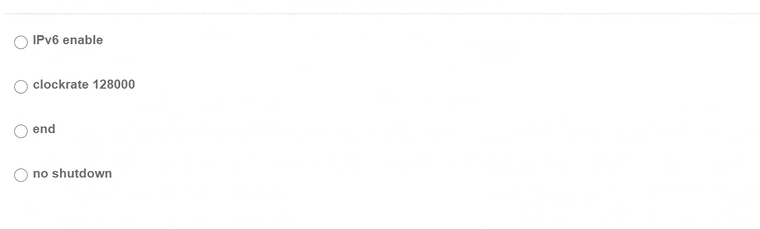


R: Endereço IP, Mascara de sub-rede e Gateway

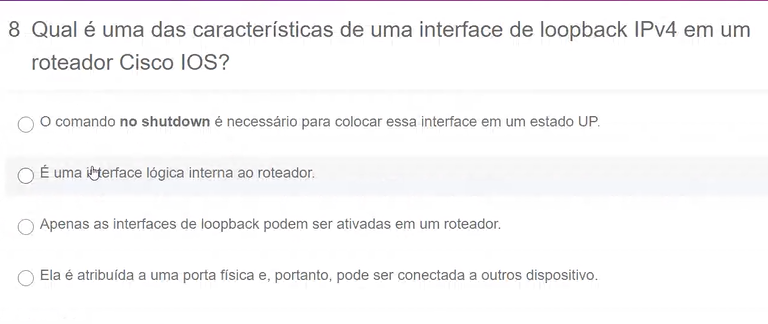


R: D

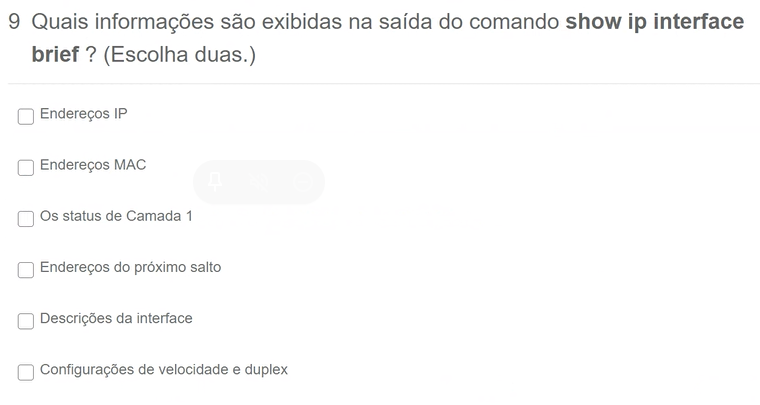




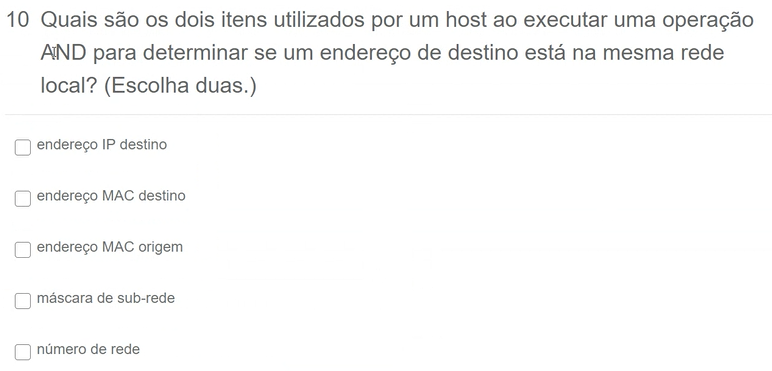
R: D



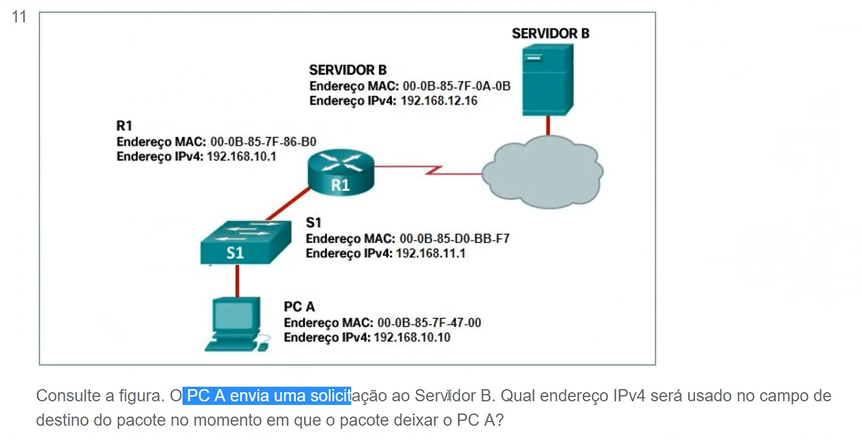
R: B

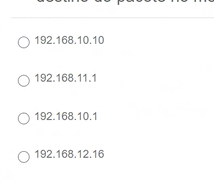


R: Endereço IP, Status de camada 1 (cabo conectato)

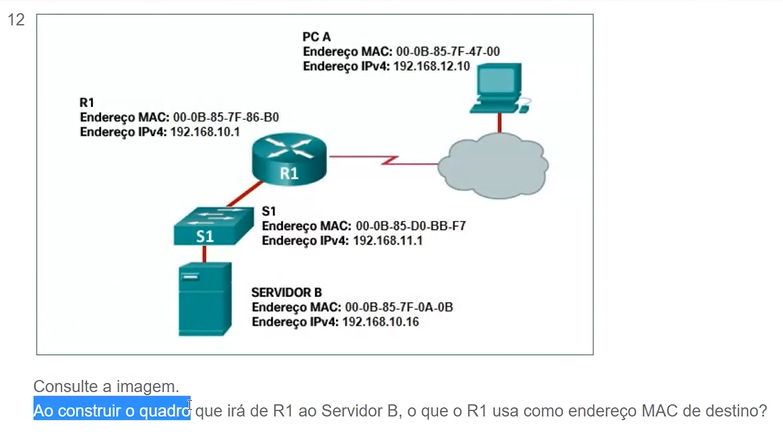


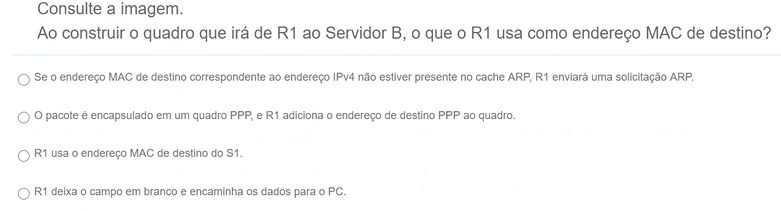
R: A e D



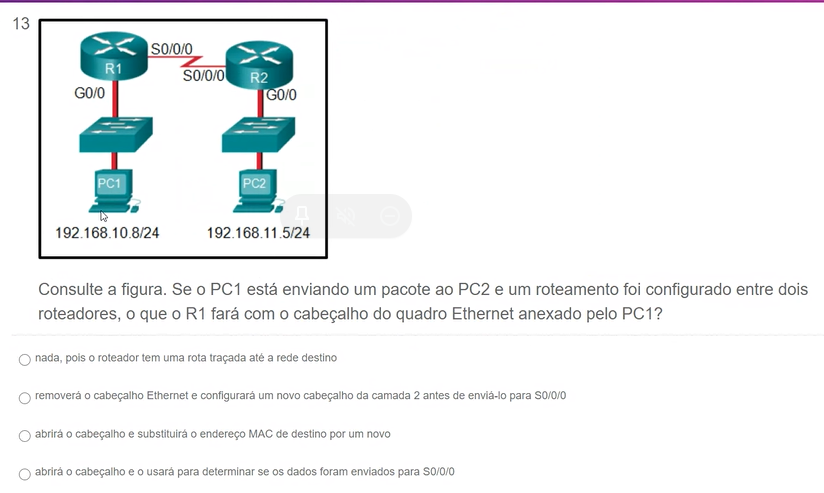


R: 192.168.12.16 (IP do Servidor Destino)

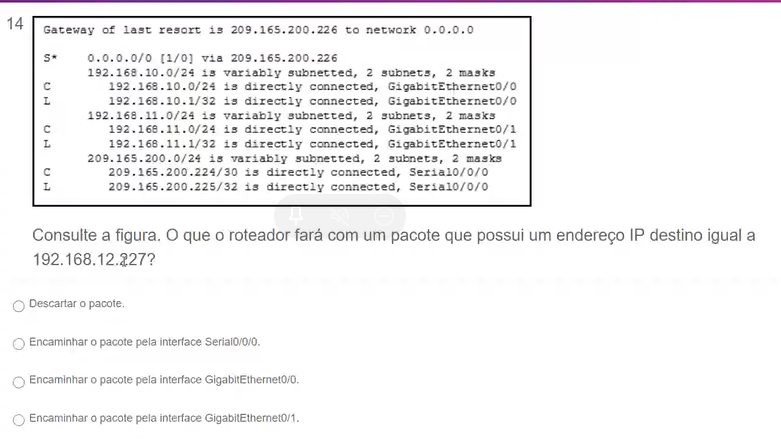




R: A



R: B

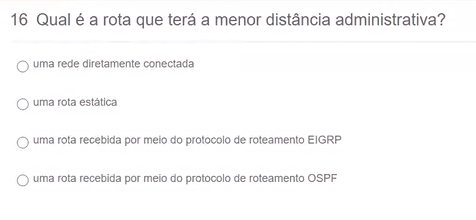


R: B

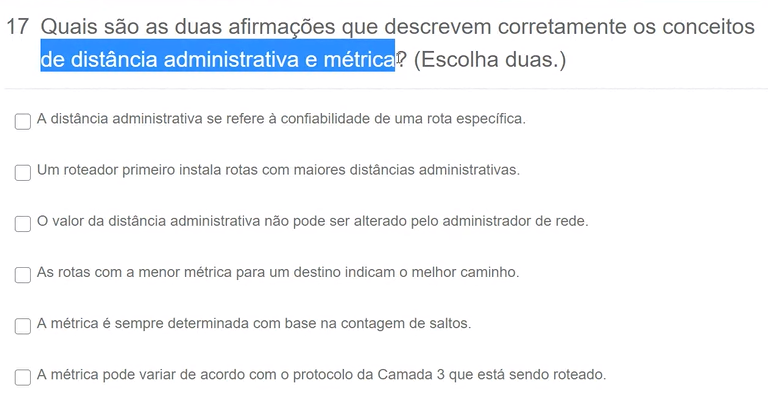
15



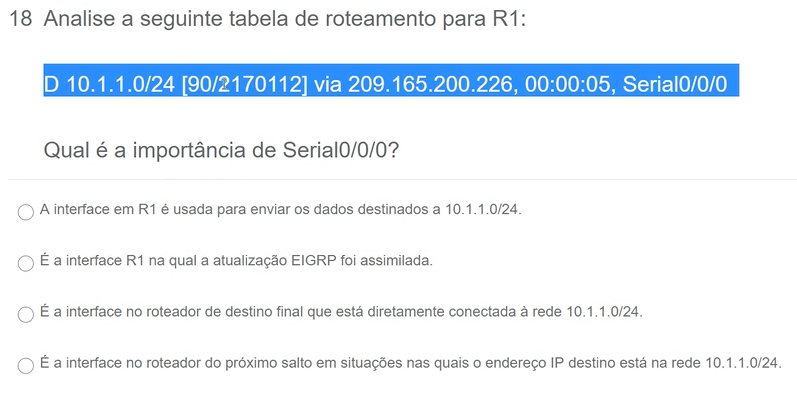
R: B e E



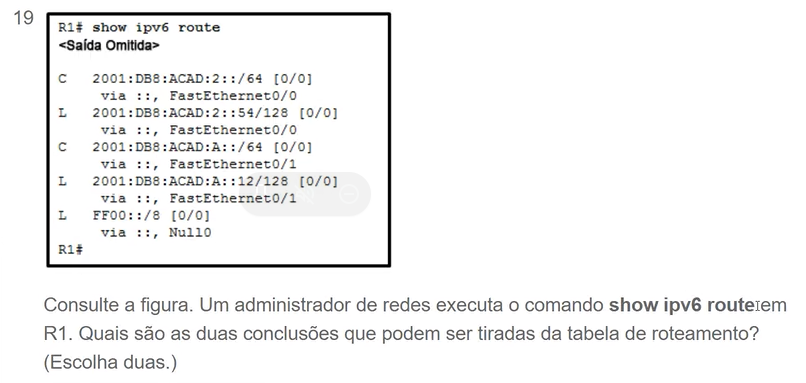
R: A

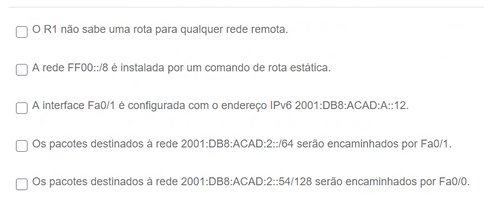


R: 1 e 4

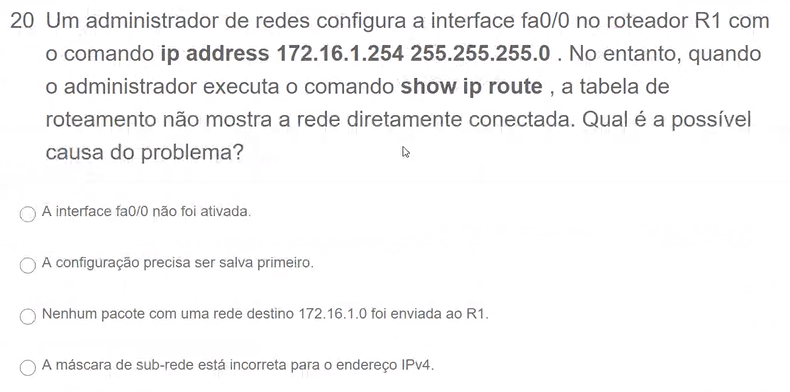


R: A

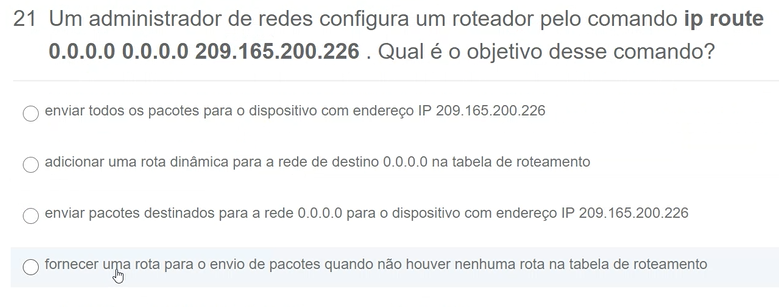




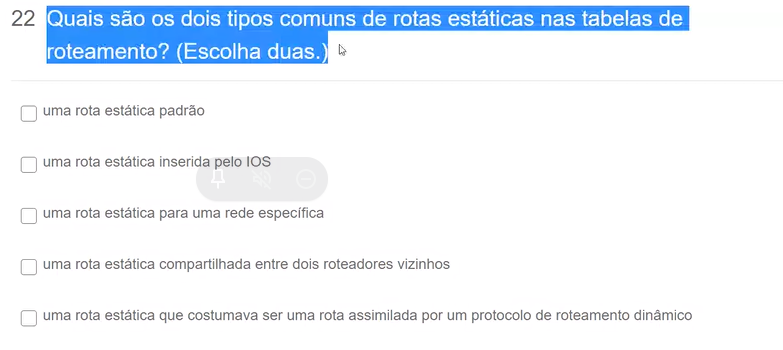
R: 1 e 3



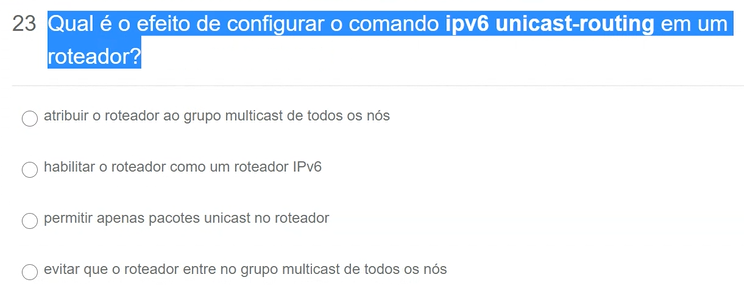
R: A



R: 4



R: 1 e 3



R: B





D: Protocolo de origem da rota